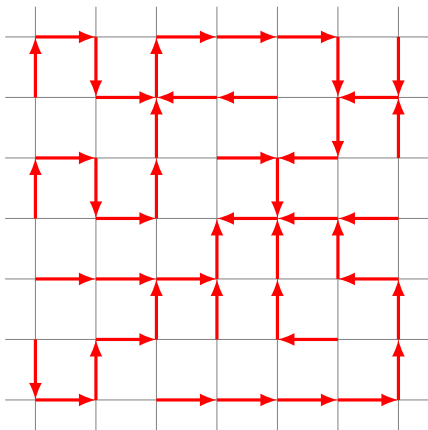


# Random walks with local memory on $\mathbb{Z}^2$

Swee Hong Chan

Cornell University

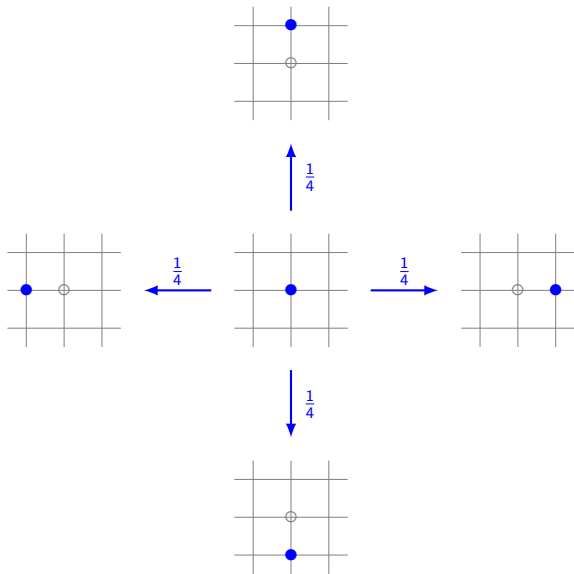
Joint work with Lila Greco, Lionel Levine, Boyao Li



# Simple random walk on $\mathbb{Z}^2$



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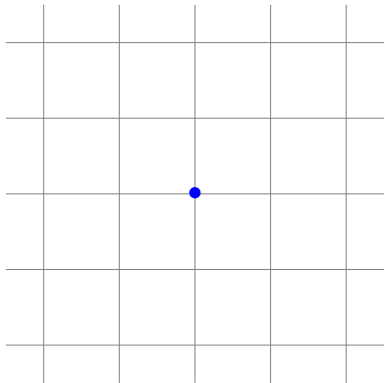
- Visits every site infinitely often? **Yes!**
- Scaling limit? **The standard 2-D Brownian motion**, i.e.

$$\underbrace{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} X_{[nt]}}_{\text{Location of the walker at time } [nt]} \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} \underbrace{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (B_1(t), B_2(t))}_{\text{Independent standard Brownian motions}} \quad t \geq 0.$$

Rotor walk on  $\mathbb{Z}^2$

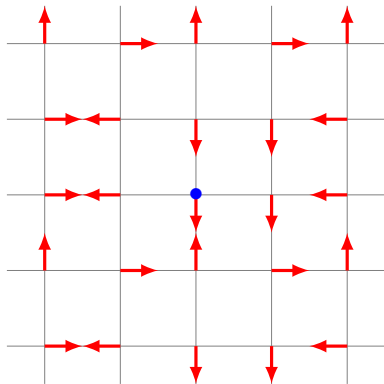


Rotor walk on  $\mathbb{Z}^2$



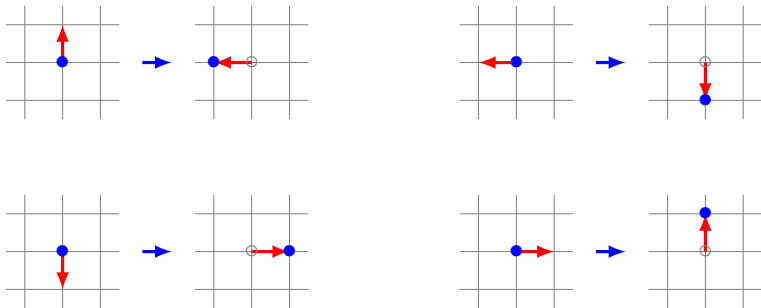
# Rotor walk on $\mathbb{Z}^2$

Put a signpost at each site.



# Rotor walk on $\mathbb{Z}^2$

Turn the signpost 90° counterclockwise, then follow the signpost.



The signpost says:

“This is which way you went last time you were here”,  
(assuming you ever were!)



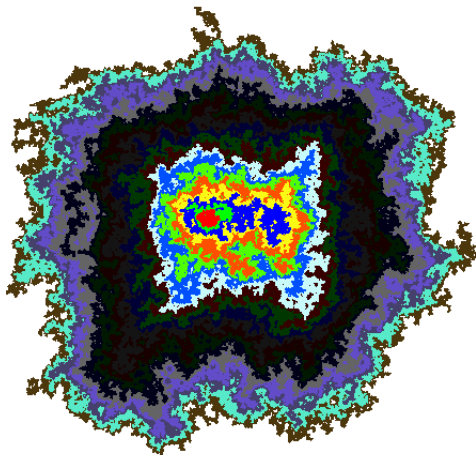
## Conjectures for a rotor walk on $\mathbb{Z}^2$



If the initial signposts are distributed independently and uniformly among the four directions, then

- (PDDK '96) Visits every site infinitely often?
- (Kapri-Dhar '09) Scaling limit? The asymptotic shape of  $\{X_1, \dots, X_n\}$  is a disc (!)

The set of sites visited by a rotor walk in  $\mathbb{Z}^2$



$\{X_1, \dots, X_n\}$  after 20 returns to the origin (by Laura Florescu).

# More randomness please!

Well studied



Many open problems



Random

Deterministic

# More randomness please!

Well studied



Let's study this!!!



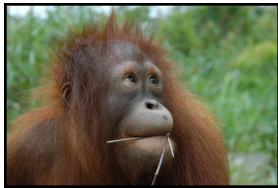
Many open problems



Random

Deterministic

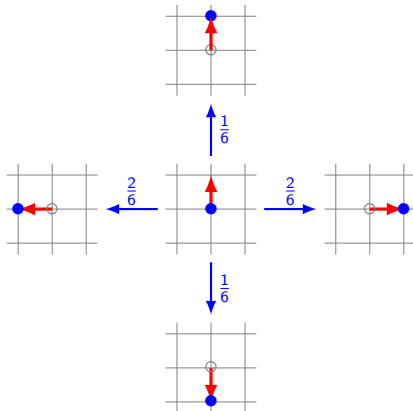
Random walk with local memory (RWLM) on  $\mathbb{Z}^2$



# Random walk with local memory (RWLM) on $\mathbb{Z}^2$

Turn the signpost in a random manner, then follow the signpost.

Example:

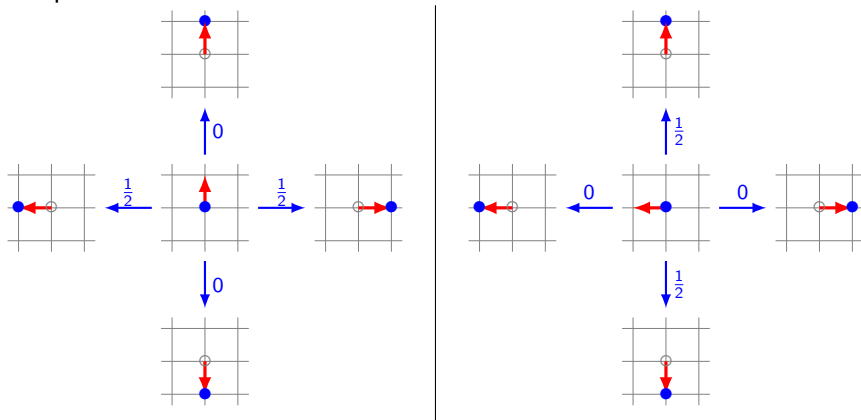


(Compare with turning the signpost  $90^\circ$  counterclockwise for rotor walk.)

# Random walk with local memory (RWLM) on $\mathbb{Z}^2$

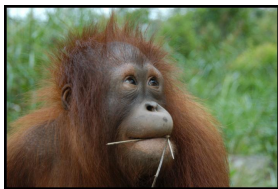
The distribution of the next signpoint depends on the current signpost.

Example:



(Compare with the simple random walk which ignores the signpost.)

## Scaling limit for a RWLM on $\mathbb{Z}$

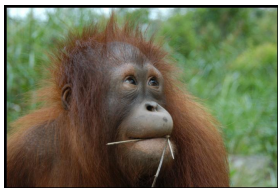


(Huss, Levine, Sava-Huss 16+) The scaling limit for a RWLM on  $\mathbb{Z}$  is a **perturbed Brownian motion**  $(Y(t))_{t \geq 0}$ , i.e.

$$Y(t) = \underbrace{B(t)}_{\text{Standard Brownian motion}} + a \underbrace{\sup_{0 \leq s \leq t} Y(s)}_{\text{Perturbation when hitting maximum}} + b \underbrace{\inf_{0 \leq s \leq t} Y(s)}_{\text{Perturbation when hitting minimum}}, \quad t \geq 0,$$



## Scaling limit for a RWLM on $\mathbb{Z}^2$



- Conjecture: the scaling limit for a RWLM on  $\mathbb{Z}^2$  is a “2-D perturbed Brownian motion (?)”.
- Problem: Not clear how to define “2-D perturbed Brownian motion (?)”.
- Weaker conjecture: the scaling limit for a Martingale RWLM on  $\mathbb{Z}^2$  is a 2-D Brownian motion.

## Scaling limit for a Martingale RWLM on $\mathbb{Z}^2$

Theorem (C., Greco, Levine, Li '17+)

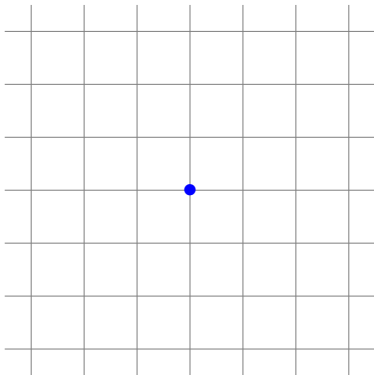
Suppose that a RWLM on  $\mathbb{Z}^2$  is a non-degenerate *Martingale*, and with initial signposts picked *randomly*. Then *with probability 1* the RWLM scales to a 2-D Brownian motion, i.e.

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \underbrace{X_{[nt]}}_{\substack{\text{Location of the} \\ \text{walker at time } [nt]}} \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} \underbrace{(a_1 B_1(t), a_2 B_2(t))}_{\substack{\text{Independent} \\ \text{Brownian motions}}} \quad t \geq 0.$$

**WARNING:** The initial signposts are picked according to the free spanning forest distribution, **NOT** the i.i.d. uniform distribution.

## Free spanning forest (FSF) distribution

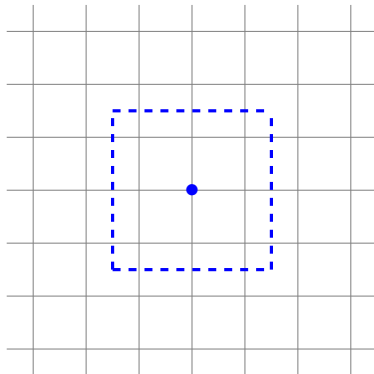
The following construction converges to a distribution on the spanning trees of  $\mathbb{Z}^2$  (Pemantle '91):



From the perspective of the walker, the free spanning forest is a [stationary distribution](#) for RWLM.

## Free spanning forest (FSF) distribution

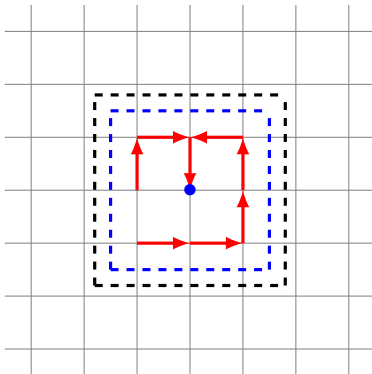
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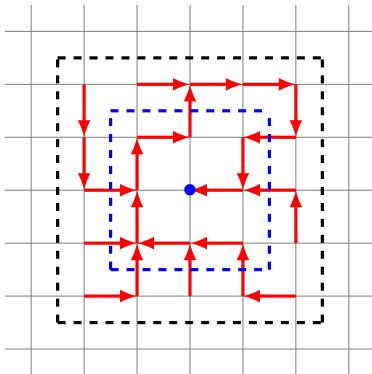
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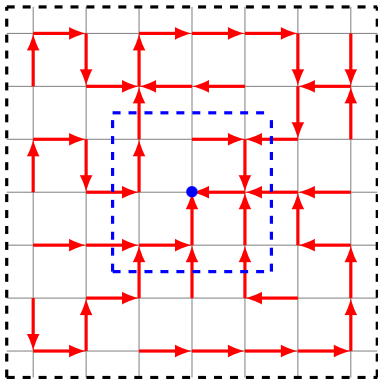
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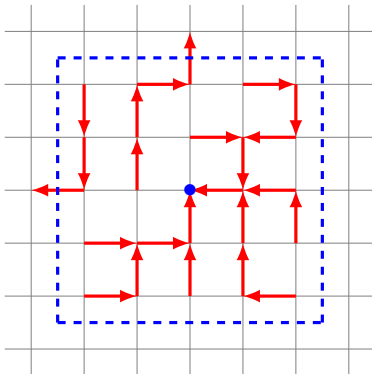
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## Free spanning forest (FSF) distribution

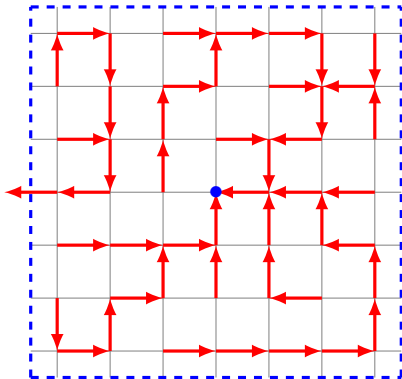
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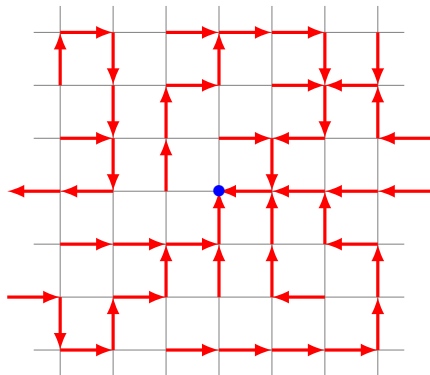
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## Free spanning forest (FSF) distribution

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## Scaling limit for a Martingale RWLM on $\mathbb{Z}^2$

Theorem (C., Greco, Levine, Li '17+)

*For a non-degenerate **Martingale** RWLM on  $\mathbb{Z}^2$  with initial signposts picked according to the **free spanning forest distribution**, the scaling limit of the walk is a 2-D Brownian motion.*

## What is next?

- Scaling limit for non-Martingale RWLMs?
  - Need to define the “2-D perturbed Brownian motion (?)”.
- Scaling limit for Martingale RWLMs on  $\mathbb{Z}^d$ ?
  - Yes for  $d \in \{3, 4\}$ .
  - Open for  $d \geq 5$ .
- Rotor walks with initial signposts picked according to FSF?
  - Does **NOT** visit every site infinitely often (Florescu, Levine, Peres ‘16).
  - Scaling limit?

**THANK YOU!**

