

**Remember - We don't expect that everyone will solve every problem, but we do expect that everyone make a serious attempt at every problem and explain what you tried when you can't solve a problem.**

Math 1220, Fall 2017

1) Give an example of:

- a) A bounded function  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ .
- b) An unbounded function  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ .
- c) An bounded function  $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ .
- d) An unbounded function  $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ .

2) The function  $g(x) = x^2$  is continuous at every point of  $\mathbb{R}$ . In Riley's definition of a continuous function, at  $x = 1$ , what is the value of  $\delta$  for  $\epsilon = 1$ ? For  $\epsilon = 10^{-1}$ ? For any  $\epsilon > 0$ ?

3) Define  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  by  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x \notin \mathbb{Q} \\ 0 & x \in \mathbb{Q}. \end{cases}$  Prove or disprove:  $f$  is continuous at 0.

4) Define  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  by  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x & x \notin \mathbb{Q} \\ 0 & x \in \mathbb{Q}. \end{cases}$  Prove or disprove:  $f$  is continuous at 0.