

Practice Prelim 2, Math 191, Fall 2006

- Show that the function $f(x) = x^3 + 3x$ is one-to-one and hence has an inverse $f^{-1}(x)$.
 - What are the domain and the range of $f^{-1}(x)$?
 - Find $\frac{d}{dx}f^{-1}(x)$ at $x = 4$.
- Find the global maximum of $f(x) = x^{1/x}$ in the domain $x > 0$. *Hint: $x^{1/x} = e^{\frac{1}{x} \ln x}$.*
- Let $f(x) = \sin^{-1}(\tan x)$.
 - What is the natural domain for $f(x)$ so that the inverse function $f^{-1}(x)$ exists?
 - Calculate the inverse function $f^{-1}(x)$ and specify its domain.
- Suppose the rate at which a rumor spreads - that is, the number of people who have heard the rumor over a period of time - increases with the number of people who have heard it. If y is the number of people who have heard the rumor, then

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = ky,$$

where t is the time in days.

- If y is 1 when $t = 0$ and y is 5 when $t = 2$, find k .
 - Using the value of k from (a), find y when $t = 3$.
- True or false? Give a reason for each answer.
 - $e^{\log_2 x} = O(x)$.
 - $\tanh x = o(\sqrt{x})$.
 - If $f = o(g)$, $g = o(h)$, then $fg = o(h)$.
 - Evaluate the following.
 - $\sin(\tan^{-1} x)$.
 - $\sin(\sec^{-1}(x/6))$.

[28]

7. Evaluate the following:

(a) $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{-3 + 4x^2 - x^4}} dx$

(b) $\int_0^{\sqrt{2}} \frac{dx}{x^4 + 3x^2 + 2}$

(c) $\int \frac{1 + \tan^2 x}{1 - \tan^2 x} dx$

(d) $\int \frac{dx}{5x\sqrt{\ln(3x)}}$