MATH 1920 - Fall 2018 - Prelim 1 Practice 3

- 1. Consider the function  $z = f(x, y) = \frac{x^2}{1+y^2}$ .
  - (a) Find an equation of its tangent plane at (4, 1) in the form ax + by + cz = d.
  - (b) Use this equation or one equivalent to it to obtain a linear approximation to the function at (4.01, 0.98).
- 2. Consider the four points A = (1, 1, 1), B = (1, -2, 1), C = (0, 3, 2), and D = (1, 2, a). Let P be the plane containing A, B, and C.
  - (a) Find an equation of the plane P.
  - (b) For which value(s) of a is the point D on this plane?
  - (c) Find the area of the triangle ABC.
  - (d) When the point D is not on the plane, find the distance from the point D to the plane P. Your answer should involve a.
- 3. Show that  $\rho = 4\cos(\phi)$  is the equation in spherical coordinates of a sphere with its center on the z-axis. What is its radius and where is its center?
- 4. Let  $z = f(x, y) = \sqrt{3 x^2 y^2}$  and  $z = g(x, y) = (x^2 + y^2)/2$  be two surfaces in space. Consider the curve which is the intersection of these surfaces.
  - (a) Find a parametrization  $\mathbf{r}_1(t)$  of this curve (including bounds on the parameter).
  - (b) Find a parametrization  $\mathbf{r}_2(t)$  for the tangent line to this curve at (1, 1, 1).
- 5. Sketch and describe the set of points that have spherical coordinates  $\rho = 2, 0 \le \theta \le 2\pi$ , and  $0 \le \phi \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ .
- 6. Find an equation in cylindrical coordinates for the sphere of radius 2 centered at the origin.
- 7. Let  $f(x,y) = xy\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ .
  - (a) Compute  $f_x(x, y)$  and  $f_y(x, y)$  for  $(x, y) \neq (0, 0)$ .
  - (b) Using the original limit definition of partial derivatives, verify that

$$f_x(0,0) = f_y(0,0) = 0.$$

(c) Determine whether the limit

$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{x^2 y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$$

exists, and if so, find its limit. Show your reasoning.

(d) Are  $f_x$  and  $f_y$  continuous at (0,0)? What can you say about the differentiability of f at (0,0)?