Math 2220 Prelim 2 Name: \_\_\_\_\_

March 31, 2011

Discussion:

INSTRUCTIONS — READ THIS NOW	OFFICIAL ONLY	USE
• This test has <b>6</b> problems on 9 pages (counting this one and two blank pages at the end) worth a total of 100 points.	ONLY	
• Write your name, your TA's name, and your discussion section num-	1	/20
ber <b>right now</b> .	1	/ 20
• Show your work/explanation. To receive full credit, your answers		/20
must be neatly written and logically organized. If you need more space, write on the back side of the preceding sheet, but be sure to clearly label		/15
<ul><li>your work.</li><li>This is a <i>closed-book</i> test. Notes, books, "cheat sheets", cell phones,</li></ul>	4	/15
and personal audio players are NOT allowed. Calculators are neither needed nor permitted.	5	/15
• This is a <b>90</b> minute test.	6	/15
	Total:	/100

**Question 1 (20pts):** Let  $f(x, y) = y^2 e^{y^2}$  and let *D* be the region in the *xy*-plane which is bounded by the lines  $y = \frac{x}{2}$ , y = x, and y = a (where a > 0).

- (a) Set up two iterated integrals for  $\iint_D f(x, y) dA$ . (i.e. one where you integrate in x first and one where you integrate in y first).
- (b) Evaluate one of the integrals from part (a).

Question 2 (20pts): Consider the following integral

$$\int_{0}^{1} \int_{\sqrt[3]{z}}^{1} \int_{0}^{\ln 3} \frac{\pi e^{2x} \sin(\pi y^{2})}{y^{2}} dx dy dz$$

- (a) Sketch the region being integrated over.
- (b) Evaluate the integral by changing the order of integration in an appropriate way.

Question 3 (15pts): Compute the area of region outside  $r = 4 \sin \theta$  and inside  $r = 2\sqrt{2}$ , here  $r \ge 0$ . (Hint:  $\cos 2\theta = 1 - 2(\sin \theta)^2$ .)

Question 4 (15pts): Find the volume of the solid that lies under the paraboloid  $z = x^2 + y^2$ , above the xy-plane, and inside the cylinder  $x^2 + y^2 = 2x$ .

Question 5 (15pts): Evaluate  $\int \int \int_E \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} dx dy dz$ , where *E* is the region bounded by the paraboloid  $z = x^2 + y^2$  and the plane z = 4.

## Question 6 (15pts):

- (a) Evaluate the integral  $\iint_D \cos(x+y) dA$  where D is the region in the xy-plane bounded by the y-axis, the line y = x and the line  $y = \frac{\pi}{3}$ .
- (b) Using part (a) and Mean Value Theorem to show that there is some point  $(x_0, y_0)$  in D such that  $\cos(x_0 + y_0) = \frac{9}{2\pi^2}$ .

(For your convenience,  $\cos(\pi/3) = \frac{1}{2}$  and  $\cos(2\pi/3) = -\frac{1}{2}$ .)

## STOP. THIS IS THE LAST PAGE OF PROBLEMS.

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