LAGRANGE MULTIPLIERS AND INTEGRATION Math 1920 - Sections 221 and 222 - TA: Itamar Oliveira

Name: October 16, $\overline{2018}$

PROBLEMS

- (1) Find the point in the first quadrant on the curve $y = x + x^{-1}$ closest to the origin.
- (2) Use Lagrange Multipliers to find the dimensions (i.e. radius and height) of a cylindrical can with a bottom but not top, of fixed volume V with minimum surface area.
- (3) Evaluate the following integrals using Fubini's theorem.

(a)
$$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 y \sqrt{1 + xy} \, dy \, dx$$
.

(b)
$$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 x e^{xy} dx dy$$
.

(4) Compute the double integral over the domain $\mathcal D$ indicated

(a)
$$f(x,y) = x$$
; $0 \le x \le 1$, $1 \le y \le e^{x^2}$

(a)
$$f(x,y) = x; 0 \le x \le 1, 1 \le y \le e^{x^2}$$
.
(b) $f(x,y) = \sin x;$ bounded by $x = 0, x = 1, y = \cos x$.

- (5) Find the volume of the region bounded by z = 40 10y, z = 0, y = 0, and $y = 4 x^2$.
- (6) Find the average height of the "ceiling" in Figure 2 defined by $z=y^2\sin x$ for $0\leq x\leq \pi,\,0\leq y\leq 1$.
- (7) Find the triple integral of the function z over the ramp in the picture below. Here, z is the height above the ground.

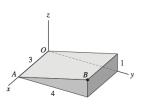


Figure 1: Problem 7

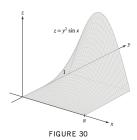


Figure 2: Problem 6