Flip a fair coin until it comes up heads twice in a row or tails twice in a row.

We can model this process as a Markov chain with states \emptyset , H, T, HH, TT. For example, state H means that the most recent flip was heads but we have not yet achieved two heads in a row or two tails in a row. State HH is absorbing and means we have achieved two heads in a row. The chain starts in state \emptyset and transitions from there to either H or T depending whether the first flip is heads or tails.

- 1. Write down the transition matrix for this chain.
- 2. List the closed sets. Which ones are irreducible?
- 3. Which states are recurrent?
- 4. Find $r_{H,T}$ and $r_{T,T}$.
- 5. Given that the first flip is heads, what is the expected number of times the chain visits state T?