Quiz 5 Solution GSI: Lionel Levine 2/2/04

1. Let 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
.

- (a) Find  $A^{-1}$ .
- (b) Express  $A^{-1}$  as a product of elementary matrices.
- (c) Express A as a product of elementary matrices.

(a) Form the augmented matrix

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right).$$

Add the bottom row to the top row, using the elementary matrix  $E_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ :

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c}1 & 0 & 1 & 1\\0 & 2 & 0 & 1\end{array}\right).$$

Now multiply the bottom row by  $\frac{1}{2}$ , using the elementary matrix  $E_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$ :

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c}1 & 0 & 1 & 1\\0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2}\end{array}\right).$$

Thus  $A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$ .

(b) The above proceedure expressed the identity matrix as  $I = E_2 E_1 A$ . Therefore

$$A^{-1} = E_2 E_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

(c) Taking the inverse of both sides (remember to reverse the order!) we get

$$A = E_1^{-1} E_2^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$