

The Mapping Class Group acts continuously on the Moduli space of Marked Hyperbolic Structures of the First Kind

Young Geometric Group Theory X

Chaitanya Tappu

Cornell University

July 26, 2021

Classical Realm

- Let S be a connected, oriented, closed surface with genus $g \geq 2$.

Classical Realm

- Let S be a connected, oriented, closed surface with genus $g \geq 2$.
- Mapping Class Group: $\text{MCG}(S) = \text{Homeo}^+(S) / \text{Homeo}_0^+(S)$.

Definition (Teichmüller space)

$$\mathcal{T}(S) = \left\{ (X, f) \left| \begin{array}{l} X \text{ is an oriented complete hyperbolic surface} \\ f : S \rightarrow X \text{ is an orientation preserving homeomorphism} \end{array} \right. \right\} / \sim$$

where $(X_1, f_1) \sim (X_2, f_2)$ iff there is an orientation preserving isometry $I : X_1 \rightarrow X_2$ isotopic to $f_2 \circ f_1^{-1}$.

- Group action $A : \text{MCG}(S) \times \mathcal{T}(S) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(S)$; $A([\psi], [X, f]) = [X, f \circ \psi^{-1}]$.

Classical Realm

- Let S be a connected, oriented, closed surface with genus $g \geq 2$.
- Mapping Class Group: $\text{MCG}(S) = \text{Homeo}^+(S) / \text{Homeo}_0^+(S)$.

Definition (Teichmüller space)

$$\mathcal{T}(S) = \left\{ (X, f) \left| \begin{array}{l} X \text{ is an oriented complete hyperbolic surface} \\ f : S \rightarrow X \text{ is an orientation preserving homeomorphism} \end{array} \right. \right\} / \sim$$

where $(X_1, f_1) \sim (X_2, f_2)$ iff there is an orientation preserving isometry $I : X_1 \rightarrow X_2$ isotopic to $f_2 \circ f_1^{-1}$.

- Group action $A : \text{MCG}(S) \times \mathcal{T}(S) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(S)$; $A([\psi], [X, f]) = [X, f \circ \psi^{-1}]$.

BIG Classical Realm

- Let S be a connected, oriented, closed surface with genus $g \geq 2$ $-\infty \leq \chi(S) < 0$.
- Mapping Class Group: $\text{MCG}(S) = \text{Homeo}^+(S) / \text{Homeo}_0^+(S)$.

Definition (The Moduli Space of Marked Hyperbolic Structures)

$$\mathcal{T}(S) = \left\{ (X, f) \left| \begin{array}{l} X \text{ is an oriented complete hyperbolic surface} \\ f : S \rightarrow X \text{ is an orientation preserving homeomorphism} \end{array} \right. \right\} / \sim$$

where $(X_1, f_1) \sim (X_2, f_2)$ iff there is an orientation preserving isometry $I : X_1 \rightarrow X_2$ isotopic to $f_2 \circ f_1^{-1}$.

- Group action $A : \text{MCG}(S) \times \mathcal{T}(S) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(S)$; $A([\psi], [X, f]) = [X, f \circ \psi^{-1}]$.

BIG Classical Realm

- Let S be a connected, oriented, closed surface with genus $g \geq 2$ $-\infty \leq \chi(S) < 0$.
- Mapping Class Group: $\text{MCG}(S) = \text{Homeo}^+(S) / \text{Homeo}_0^+(S)$.

Definition (The Moduli Space of Marked Hyperbolic Structures)

$$\mathcal{T}(S) = \left\{ (X, f) \left| \begin{array}{l} X \text{ is an oriented complete hyperbolic surface} \\ f : S \rightarrow X \text{ is an orientation preserving homeomorphism} \end{array} \right. \right\} / \sim$$

where $(X_1, f_1) \sim (X_2, f_2)$ iff there is an orientation preserving isometry $I : X_1 \rightarrow X_2$ isotopic to $f_2 \circ f_1^{-1}$.

- Group action $A : \text{MCG}(S) \times \mathcal{T}(S) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(S)$; $A([\psi], [X, f]) = [X, f \circ \psi^{-1}]$.

BIG ~~Classical~~ Realm

- Let S be a connected, oriented, ~~closed~~ surface with ~~genus $g \geq 2$~~ $-\infty \leq \chi(S) < 0$.
- Mapping Class Group: $\text{MCG}(S) = \text{Homeo}^+(S) / \text{Homeo}_0^+(S)$.

Definition (The Moduli Space of Marked Hyperbolic Structures of the First Kind)

$$\mathcal{T}(S) = \left\{ (X, f) \left| \begin{array}{l} X \text{ is an oriented complete hyperbolic surface of the first kind} \\ f : S \rightarrow X \text{ is an orientation preserving homeomorphism} \end{array} \right. \right\} / \sim$$

where $(X_1, f_1) \sim (X_2, f_2)$ iff there is an orientation preserving isometry $I : X_1 \rightarrow X_2$ isotopic to $f_2 \circ f_1^{-1}$.

- Here $X = \Gamma_X \backslash \mathbb{H}^2$ is of the First Kind iff the corresponding Fuchsian group Γ_X is of the first kind, that is, its limit set of its action on \mathbb{H}^2 is $\partial\mathbb{H}^2 = S^1$.
- Group action $A : \text{MCG}(S) \times \mathcal{T}(S) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(S)$; $A([\psi], [X, f]) = [X, f \circ \psi^{-1}]$.

BIG ~~Classical~~ Realm

- Let S be a connected, oriented, ~~closed~~ surface with ~~genus $g \geq 2$~~ $-\infty \leq \chi(S) < 0$.
- Mapping Class Group: $\text{MCG}(S) = \text{Homeo}^+(S) / \text{Homeo}_0^+(S)$.

Definition (The Moduli Space of Marked Hyperbolic Structures of the First Kind)

$$\mathcal{T}(S) = \left\{ (X, f) \left| \begin{array}{l} X \text{ is an oriented complete hyperbolic surface of the first kind} \\ f : S \rightarrow X \text{ is an orientation preserving homeomorphism} \end{array} \right. \right\} / \sim$$

where $(X_1, f_1) \sim (X_2, f_2)$ iff there is an orientation preserving isometry $I : X_1 \rightarrow X_2$ isotopic to $f_2 \circ f_1^{-1}$.

- Here $X = \Gamma_X \backslash \mathbb{H}^2$ is of the First Kind iff the corresponding Fuchsian group Γ_X is of the first kind, that is, its limit set of its action on \mathbb{H}^2 is $\partial\mathbb{H}^2 = S^1$.
- Group action $A : \text{MCG}(S) \times \mathcal{T}(S) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(S)$; $A([\psi], [X, f]) = [X, f \circ \psi^{-1}]$.

Why this space?

Why not the existing infinite dimensional Teichmüller space?

Why this space?

Why not the existing infinite dimensional Teichmüller space?

- Depends only on the topological surface S , as opposed to Teichmüller spaces which depend on the choice of a 'basepoint' Riemann surface structure.

Why this space?

Why not the existing infinite dimensional Teichmüller space?

- Depends only on the topological surface S , as opposed to Teichmüller spaces which depend on the choice of a 'basepoint' Riemann surface structure.
- The full mapping class group acts on it, rather than only the subgroup of mapping classes realisable by quasiconformal homeomorphisms of the 'basepoint' Riemann surface.

Why this space?

Why not the existing infinite dimensional Teichmüller space?

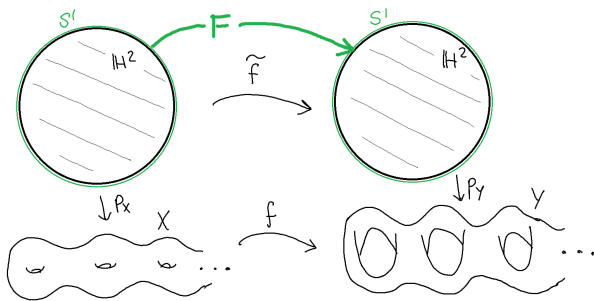
- Depends only on the topological surface S , as opposed to Teichmüller spaces which depend on the choice of a 'basepoint' Riemann surface structure.
- The full mapping class group acts on it, rather than only the subgroup of mapping classes realisable by quasiconformal homeomorphisms of the 'basepoint' Riemann surface.
- Theorem (Thurston): There is an earthquake map between any two marked hyperbolic structures of the first kind.

Topology of the marked moduli space

Topology of the marked moduli space

Lemma (Homeomorphism at infinity)

Let X, Y be complete hyperbolic surfaces of the first kind. Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a homeomorphism with lift $\tilde{f} : \mathbb{H}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{H}^2$ to universal covers. Then \tilde{f} extends to a homeomorphism $\partial\tilde{f} : S^1 \rightarrow S^1$ at infinity, which is deck group equivariant. Further, if f_t is an isotopy which lifts to isotopy \tilde{f}_t , then $\partial\tilde{f}_0 = \partial\tilde{f}_1$.



Topology of the marked moduli space

Pick a universal covering map $p: \mathbb{H}^2 \rightarrow S$ with deck group $\Gamma_0 < \mathrm{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R})$, which is Fuchsian and of the first kind.

Topology of the marked moduli space

Pick a universal covering map $p: \mathbb{H}^2 \rightarrow S$ with deck group $\Gamma_0 < \mathrm{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R})$, which is Fuchsian and of the first kind.

For a marked hyperbolic structure $[X, f] \in \mathcal{T}(S)$, lift the homeomorphism f to universal covers and extend it using Lemma to an equivariant homeomorphism $F = \partial \tilde{f}: S^1 \rightarrow S^1$.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S^1 & \xrightarrow{F} & S^1 \\ \mathbb{H}^2 & \xrightarrow{\tilde{f}} & \mathbb{H}^2 \\ p \downarrow & & p_X \downarrow \\ S & \xrightarrow{f} & X \end{array}$$

Topology of the marked moduli space

Pick a universal covering map $p: \mathbb{H}^2 \rightarrow S$ with deck group $\Gamma_0 < \text{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R})$, which is Fuchsian and of the first kind.

For a marked hyperbolic structure $[X, f] \in \mathcal{T}(S)$, lift the homeomorphism f to universal covers and extend it using Lemma to an equivariant homeomorphism $F = \partial \tilde{f}: S^1 \rightarrow S^1$.

$$S^1 \xrightarrow{F} S^1$$

$$\mathbb{H}^2 \xrightarrow{\tilde{f}} \mathbb{H}^2$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{H}^2 & \xrightarrow{\tilde{f}} & \mathbb{H}^2 \\ p \downarrow & & p_X \downarrow \\ S & \xrightarrow{f} & X \end{array}$$

Define $\Phi_p[X, f] = \text{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R}) \circ F \in \text{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R}) \backslash \text{Homeo}^+(S^1)$. This gives a bijection

Topology of the marked moduli space

Pick a universal covering map $p: \mathbb{H}^2 \rightarrow S$ with deck group $\Gamma_0 < \text{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R})$, which is Fuchsian and of the first kind.

For a marked hyperbolic structure $[X, f] \in \mathcal{T}(S)$, lift the homeomorphism f to universal covers and extend it using Lemma to an equivariant homeomorphism $F = \partial \tilde{f}: S^1 \rightarrow S^1$.

$$S^1 \xrightarrow{F} S^1$$

$$\mathbb{H}^2 \xrightarrow{\tilde{f}} \mathbb{H}^2$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{H}^2 & \xrightarrow{\tilde{f}} & \mathbb{H}^2 \\ p \downarrow & & p_X \downarrow \\ S & \xrightarrow{f} & X \end{array}$$

Define $\Phi_p[X, f] = \text{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R}) \circ F \in \text{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R}) \backslash \text{Homeo}^+(S^1)$. This gives a bijection

$$\Phi_p: \mathcal{T}(S) \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R}) \backslash \{F \in \text{Homeo}^+(S^1) \mid F \circ \Gamma_0 \circ F^{-1} \subset \text{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R})\}}_{\text{quotient of subspace of } \text{Homeo}^+(S^1) \text{ with the compact open topology}} \quad (1)$$

Topology of the marked moduli space

Pick a universal covering map $p: \mathbb{H}^2 \rightarrow S$ with deck group $\Gamma_0 < \text{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R})$, which is Fuchsian and of the first kind.

For a marked hyperbolic structure $[X, f] \in \mathcal{T}(S)$, lift the homeomorphism f to universal covers and extend it using Lemma to an equivariant homeomorphism $F = \partial \tilde{f}: S^1 \rightarrow S^1$.

$$S^1 \xrightarrow{F} S^1$$

$$\mathbb{H}^2 \xrightarrow{\tilde{f}} \mathbb{H}^2$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{H}^2 & & \mathbb{H}^2 \\ p \downarrow & & p_X \downarrow \\ S & \xrightarrow{f} & X \end{array}$$

Define $\Phi_p[X, f] = \text{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R}) \circ F \in \text{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R}) \backslash \text{Homeo}^+(S^1)$. This gives a bijection

$$\Phi_p: \mathcal{T}(S) \rightarrow \underbrace{\text{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R}) \backslash \{F \in \text{Homeo}^+(S^1) \mid F \circ \Gamma_0 \circ F^{-1} \subset \text{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R})\}}_{\text{quotient of subspace of } \text{Homeo}^+(S^1) \text{ with the compact open topology}} \quad (1)$$

The topology of $\mathcal{T}(S)$ is the pullback of the topology on the right. That is, declare Φ_p to be a homeomorphism.

BIG ~~Classical~~ Realm

- Let S be a connected, oriented, ~~closed~~ surface with ~~genus $g \geq 2$~~ $-\infty \leq \chi(S) < 0$.
- Mapping Class Group: $\text{MCG}(S) = \text{Homeo}^+(S) / \text{Homeo}_0^+(S)$.

Definition (The Moduli Space of Marked Hyperbolic Structures of the First Kind)

$$\mathcal{T}(S) = \left\{ (X, f) \left| \begin{array}{l} X \text{ is an oriented complete hyperbolic surface of the first kind} \\ f : S \rightarrow X \text{ is an orientation preserving homeomorphism} \end{array} \right. \right\} / \sim$$

where $(X_1, f_1) \sim (X_2, f_2)$ iff there is an orientation preserving isometry $I : X_1 \rightarrow X_2$ isotopic to $f_2 \circ f_1^{-1}$.

- Here $X = \Gamma_X \backslash \mathbb{H}^2$ is of the First Kind iff the corresponding Fuchsian group Γ_X is of the first kind, that is, its limit set of its action on \mathbb{H}^2 is $\partial\mathbb{H}^2 = S^1$.
- Group action $A : \text{MCG}(S) \times \mathcal{T}(S) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(S)$; $A([\psi], [X, f]) = [X, f \circ \psi^{-1}]$.

Group action

$$A : \text{MCG}(S) \times \mathcal{T}(S) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(S);$$
$$A([\psi], [X, f]) = [X, f \circ \psi^{-1}].$$

Group action

$$A : \text{MCG}(S) \times \mathcal{T}(S) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(S);$$
$$A([\psi], [X, f]) = [X, f \circ \psi^{-1}].$$

Question: Is this group action continuous?

The Mapping Class Group acts continuously on the Moduli Space of Marked Hyperbolic Structures of the First Kind

Group action

$$A : \text{MCG}(S) \times \mathcal{T}(S) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(S);$$
$$A([\psi], [X, f]) = [X, f \circ \psi^{-1}].$$

Question: Is this group action continuous?

Theorem (T.)

The group action function A is continuous.

The Mapping Class Group acts continuously on the Moduli Space of Marked Hyperbolic Structures of the First Kind

Group action

$$A : \text{MCG}(S) \times \mathcal{T}(S) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(S);$$
$$A([\psi], [X, f]) = [X, f \circ \psi^{-1}].$$

Question: Is this group action continuous?

Theorem (T.)

The group action function A is continuous.

Next: What is the geometry of $\mathcal{T}(S)$?